Worksheet 8, Math 1551, Fall 2017

Sections from Thomas 13th Edition: 3.10, 3.11

Related Rate Problems

Solving rate problems tend to involve the following sequence of steps.

- 1. Read the question.
- 2. Draw a diagram.
- 3. Introduce variables.
- 4. Construct an equation.
- 5. Calculate derivative at a point.
- 6. Express answer to question using appropriate units.

Please express your final answer with units.

Exercises

- 1. Construct the linearization of $f(x) = \ln(x 1)$ centered at x = 2 and use it to approximate the value of f(3). Plot your linearization and f(x) on the same graph.
- 2. An 5ft ladder is leaning against a vertical wall. If the bottom of the ladder is pulled away from the wall at a constant rate of 3 ft/sec, calculate the rate at which the top is sliding down the wall when the bottom is 4ft from the wall.
- 3. The diameter and height of a right circular cylinder are found at a certain instant to be 10cm and 20cm, respectively. If the diameter is increasing at the rate of 1cm/sec, what change in height will keep the volume constant?
- 4. A cubical magnet is measured to have side lengths of 4cm within an error range of 0.3cm. Use differentials to find the maximum error in measuring the volume of the magnet.
- 5. A particle moves in a circular orbit $x^2 + y^2 = 1$. As it passes through the point $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$, its *y*-coordinate decreases at the rate of 3 units/sec. At what rate is the *x*-coordinate changing?